Technical Data Sheet

FlowMAb PE anti-mouse PD-1 (CD279)



<u>Attention</u>: Use of this product constitutes an agreement to Bio X Cell's Terms and Conditions which are included with this product in print and can also be found at https://bioxcell.com/terms-and-conditions.

Lot Specific Information

Lot Number: Lot Specific*
Volume: Lot Specific*

Concentration: Lot Specific* (generally 4 to 11 mg/ml) *

Total Protein: Lot Specific*

*This information will be noted on the certificate of analysis that ships with this product.

Product Information

Catalog Number:FM0273-PEClone:29F.1A12™Isotype:Rat IgG2aConjugation:PE

Excitation Source: Yellow-Green 488 nm, 532 nm, 561 nm

Excitation Max: 496 nm, 566 nm

Emission Max: 576 nm

Recommended Isotype Control(s): FlowMAb PE rat IgG2a isotype control, anti-trinitrophenol

Immunogen: Recombinant PD-1-lg fusion protein

Reported Applications: Immunohistochemistry (frozen) Immunofluorescence Flow cytometry

Formulation: PBS, pH 7.0

Contains 0.09% Sodium Azide

Production: Purified from cell culture supernatant in an animal-free facility

Purification: Protein G
RRID: AB 2687796

Description

The 29F.1A12™ monoclonal antibody reacts with mouse PD-1 (programmed death-1), also known as CD279. PD-1 is a 50-55 kDa cell surface receptor encoded by the Pdcd1 gene that belongs to the CD28 family of the lg superfamily. PD-1 is transiently expressed on CD4 and CD8 thymocytes as well as activated T and B lymphocytes and myeloid cells. PD-1 expression declines after successful elimination of antigen. Additionally, Pdcd1 mRNA is expressed in developing B lymphocytes during the pro-B-cell stage. PD-1's structure includes an ITIM (immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motif), suggesting that PD-1 negatively regulates TCR signals. PD-1 signals via binding its two ligands, PD-L1 and PD-L2, both members of the B7 family. Upon ligand binding, PD-1 signaling inhibits T-cell activation, leading to reduced proliferation, cytokine production, and T-cell death. Additionally, PD-1 is known to play key roles in peripheral tolerance and prevention of autoimmune disease in mice, as PD-1 knockout animals show dilated cardiomyopathy, splenomegaly, and loss of peripheral tolerance. Induced PD-L1 expression is common in many tumors, including squamous cell carcinoma, colon adenocarcinoma, and breast adenocarcinoma. PD-L1 overexpression results in increased resistance of tumor cells to CD8 T cell-mediated lysis. This R-phycoerythrin (R-PE or PE)-conjugated version of the antibody is useful for flow cytometry.

Storage

Store at the stock concentration at 4°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light . **Do not freeze.**

Protocol Information

It is recommended that the reagent be carefully titrated for optimal performance in the assay of interest.

Application References

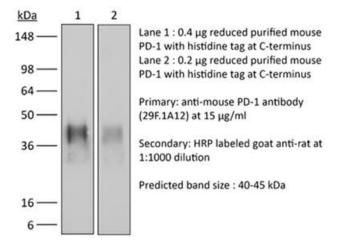
Binding Validation

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For a complete list of references, visit https://bioxcell.com/fm0273-pe?
bxcs=9k1b3a#tab references or scan the QR code below.



Validation data shown below confirms that this clone binds to its target antigen. For lot specific binding validation data, e-mail technicalservice@bioxcell.com.



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